Het exposoom en arbeidsgerelateerde gezondheid

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Opzet

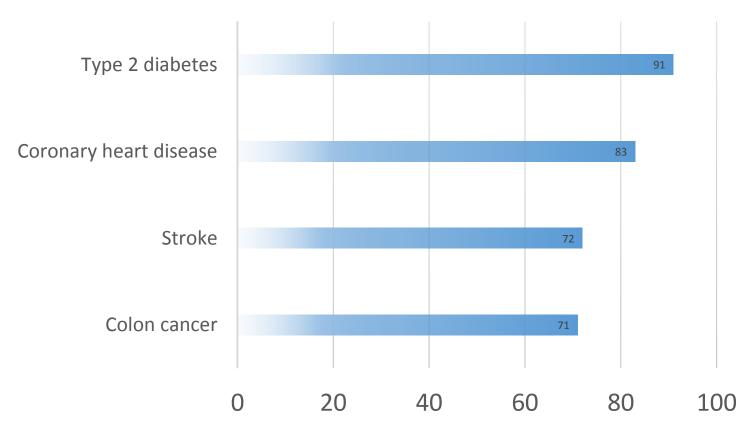
- Hoe belangrijk zijn milieu-blootstellingen?
- Introductie van het Exposoom
- Aantal voorbeelden
- Uitdagingen en toekomst perspectief

Milieu: Alles dat niet genetisch is inclusief voeding, levensstijl, woon en werkomgeving, etc.



Chronic diseases are primarily environmental in origin

PERCENT AVOIDABLE



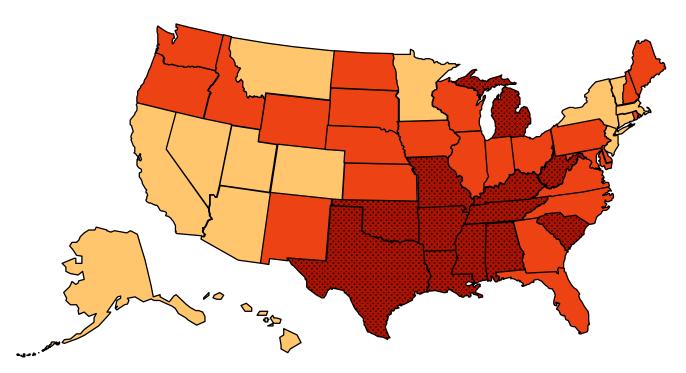
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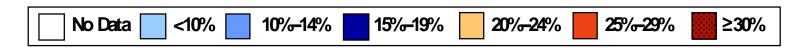
Willett, 2002, Science

Obesity Trends* Among U.S. Adults

BRFSS, 2010

(*BMI ≥30, or ~ 30 lbs. overweight for 5'4" person)







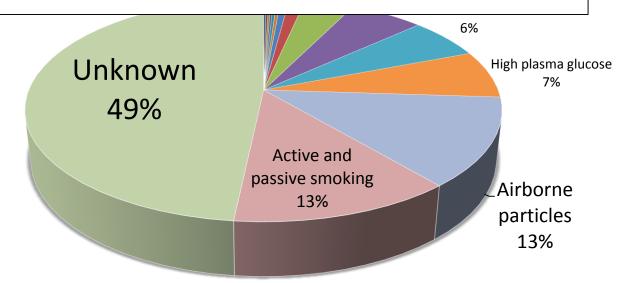
Source: Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, CDC.



What do we know of these environmental risks?

- 1. Current risks underestimated
 - Measurement error
 - In appropriate risk models
- 2. Unknown risks
 - Nature of risks are different
 - Limitations in investigative tools
- 3. Stochastic

Rappaport et al., 2014 based on Lim et al., 2012

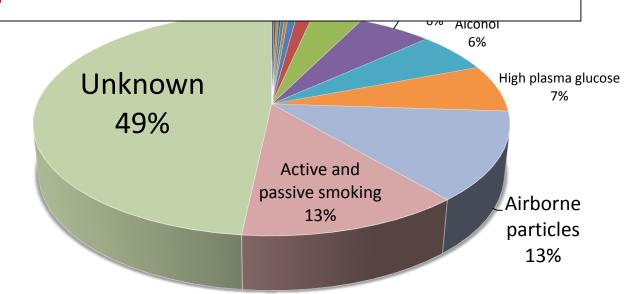




Why do we need new investigative tools?

- 1. Current risks underestimated
 - Measurement error
 - In appropriate risk models
- 2. Unknown risks
 - Nature of risks are different
 - Limitations in investigative tools
- 3. Stochastic

Rappaport et al., 2014 based on Lim et al., 2012





Historical and new environmental risk factors

	Known⊞isks	New ® isks
Potency	High	Low
Exposure devels	High	Low
Co-exposures	Few	Many





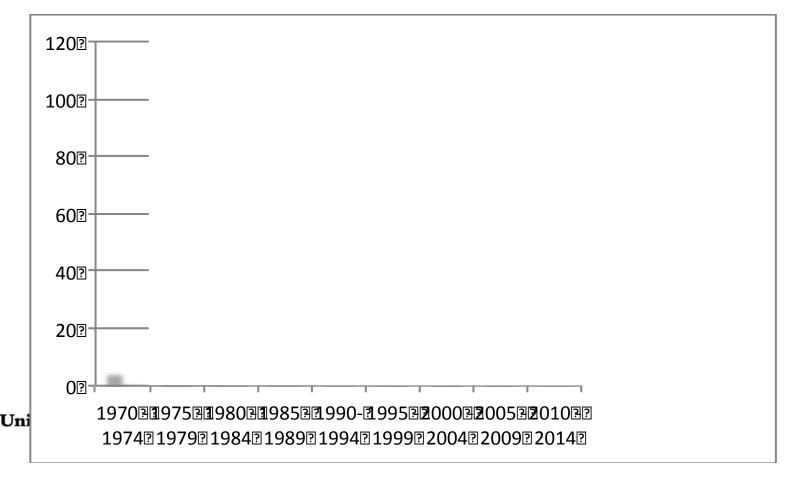


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Occupational Hygiene and Health

- Occupational expidemiology has had a long history of studying the health effects of exposures experienced at the workplace
- Such studies have successfully identified a range of chemical and other agents that have been associated to a range of health outcomes





Occupational Hygiene and Health

- However, due to declining occupational exposures its increasingly likely that health risks experienced by workers are due to a combination of wider range of workplace and non-workplace factors than was perhaps the case in the past where workers could be exposed to high levels to single or a limited number of substances.
- Furthermore, epidemiological studies of new technology and new infrastructure projects should not have to rely on studies of (irreversible) disease outcome in prospective cohort studies, but novel markers of exposure and health outcomes will need to be developed to manage risk during the development of new technology.



The Exposome – a <u>unifying</u> concept for exposure assessment



Recognizing the disparity in current knowledge between genes and environmental exposures, Chris Wild defined the "exposome"

Representing all environmental exposures (including those from diet, lifestyle, and endogenous sources) from conception onwards, as a quantity of critical interest to disease etiology

Wild, C.P., Complementing the genome with an "exposome": the outstanding challenge of environmental exposure measurement in molecular epidemiology. Cancer Epidemiol Biomarkers Prev 14 (8), 1847-1850 (2005).



Total Worker Health – NIOSH CDC

Issues Relevant to Advancing Worker Well-being Through Total Worker Health®

Control of Hazards and Exposures

- · Chemicals
- Physical Agents
- Biological Agents
- Psychosocial Factors

Compensation and Benefits

- Adequate Wages and Prevention of Wage Theft
- Equitable Performance Appraisals and Promotion

Changing Workforce Demographics

- Multigenerational and Diverse Workforce
- · Aging Workforce and Older Workers
- · Vulnerable Worker Populations
- · Workers with Disabilities

the TWH approach focuses on how environmental, workplace factors can both mitigate and enhance overall worker health beyond traditional occupational safety and health concerns

- · Safe and Clean Restroom Facilities
- Safe, Clean and Equipped Eating Facilities
- Safe Access to the Workplace
- Environments Designed to Accommodate Worker Diversity

Leadership

- Shared Commitment to Safety, Health, and Well-Being
- Supportive Managers, Supervisors, and Executives
- · Responsible Business Decision-Making
- · Meaningful Work and Engagement
- · Worker Recognition and Respect

Community Supports

- Healthy Community Design
- Safe, Healthy and Affordable Housing Options
- Safe and Clean Environment (Air and Water Quality, Noise Levels, Tobacco-Free Policies)
- Access to Safe Green Spaces and Non-Motorized Pathways
- Access to Affordable, Quality Healthcare and Well-Being Resources

New Employment Patterns

- · Contracting and Subcontracting
- Precarious and Contingent Employment
- Multi-Employer Worksites
- Organizational Restructuring, Downsizing and Mergers
- Financial and Job Security





The Exposome

- Study design Lifecourse
 - Exposure is dynamic (repeated samples)
 - Critical exposure windows; conception to death
- Improved exposure assessment
 - Biomarkers (OMICS)
 - Sensor technologies
 - Geographical Information Systems
 - Portable computerized devices (momentary assessments)
 - Improved use of conventional measurements / questionnaires / databases
- Advances in statistical methods and bioinformatics
 - Large number of environmental exposures (correlated, protracting)
 - Weak associations
 - Low priors

Improved assessment of the Exposome Using Sensors





New Investigative Technologies to Improve Occupational Exposure Assessment; Sensor Technology / Portable Communication Devices



- Tracking sensors
- Chemical sensors
 - NO2
 - CO
 - •







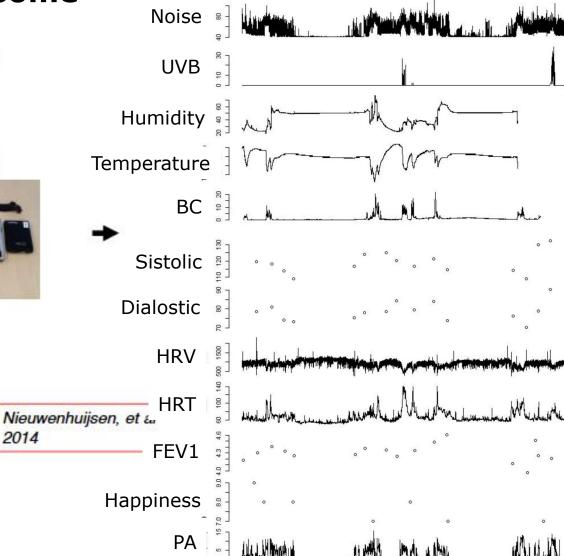
Using Personal Sensors to Characterize our External Exposome







2014



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Improved Occupational Exposure Assessment; ExpomDiary - context-sensitive ecological momentary assessment (CS-EMA)

Data processing

Exposure / health





Using Big-Data to characterize the Exposome

Develop method to analyze "Exposome" wrist bands and broaches







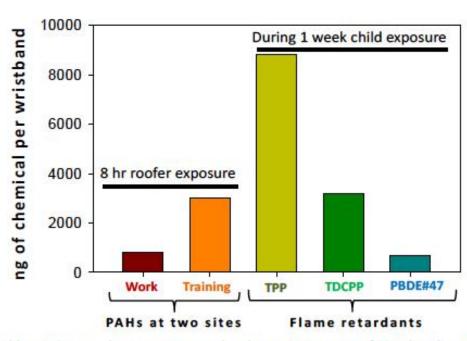
New Investigative Technologies to Improve Occupational Exposure Assessment

Children: Flame Retardant Exposure



Roofers 8 hrs wristband: PAHs





Abbreviations used: ng = nanograms, hr = hours, PAHs = sum of 33 polycyclic aroma hydrocarbons; TPP = triphenyl phosphate, TDCPP = tris(1,3-dichloro-2-propyl) phosphate, PBDE#47 = pentabromodiphenyl ether congener 47.

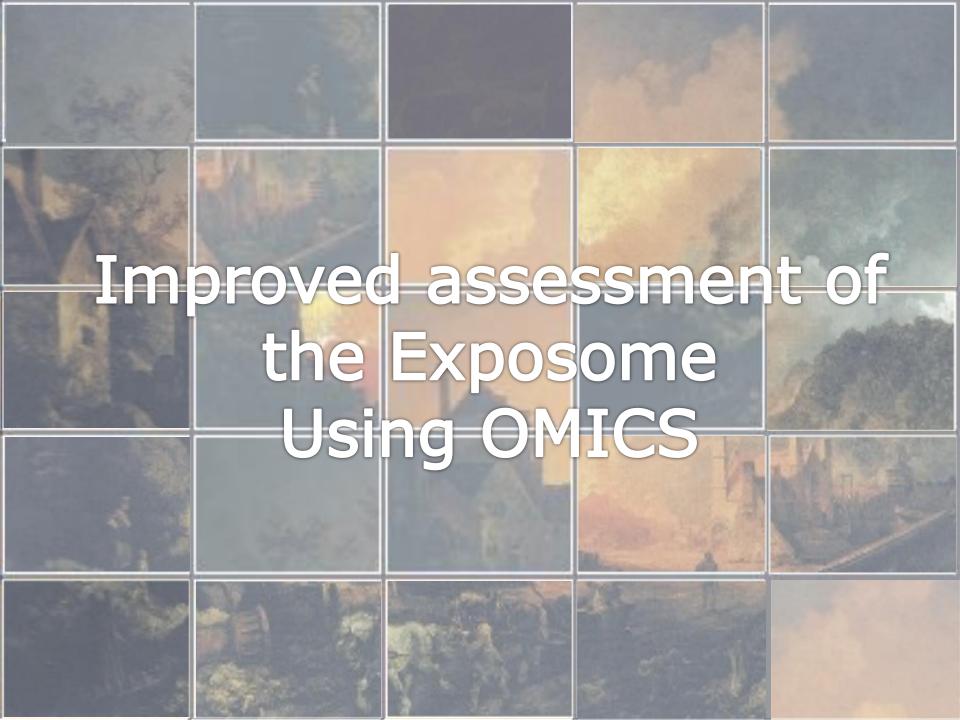
Anderson, Oregon State University

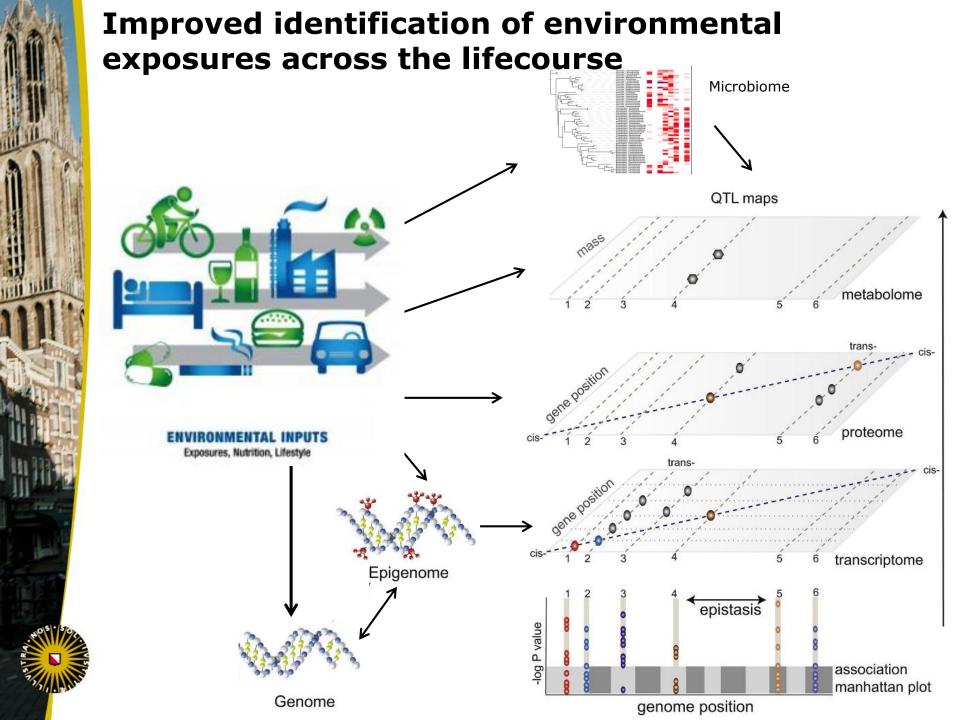


Use of Sensors if Occupational Health

- Combination of measurements sensors, geo-location (GPS, I-beacons), and CS-EMA allows for a more comprehensive assessment of external exposures.
 - Industrial hygiene / Exposure Science
 - Occupational Health Research
 - Individual (quantified-self)
- Could be combined with e-health applications



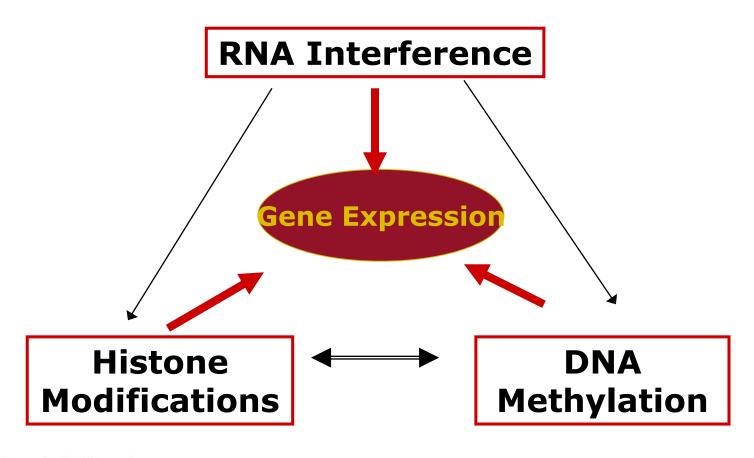




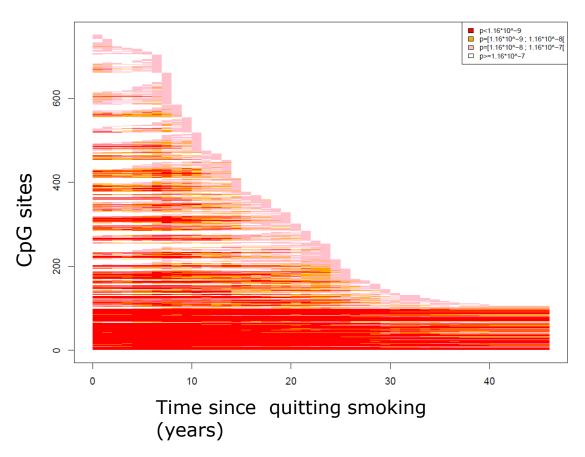


Epigenetics

<u>Epigenetics</u> refers to the study of changes in the regulation of gene activity and expression that are not dependent on gene DNA sequence.

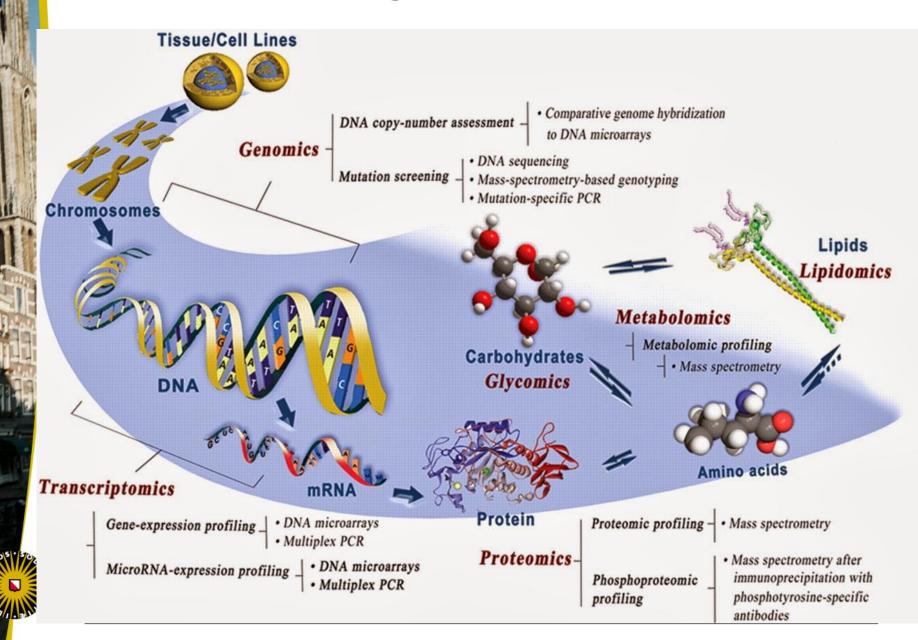


Dichotomised smoking status - p-values evolution according to t



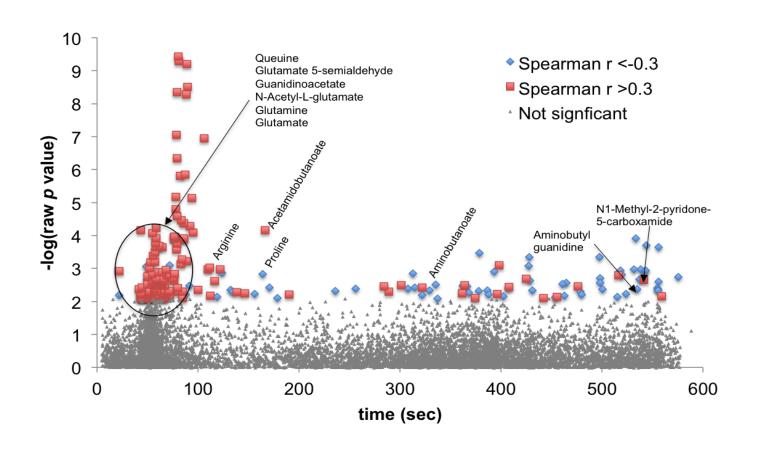
- Evolution of the strength of association between methylation level and dichotomised smoking status across t
 - 751 CpG sites significant at least once across t
- 2 groups identifiable in both cohorts
 - Those loosing statistical significance after a certain t within the 3 first decade after smoking cessation₂₃
 - Those remaining differentially methylated more than 35 years after smoking cessation

Metabolomics / High Resolution LC-MSMS



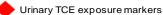


Metabolomic Analysis of Plasma Samples from Workers Exposed to TCE





Metabolome association network with molecular markers of TCE exposure

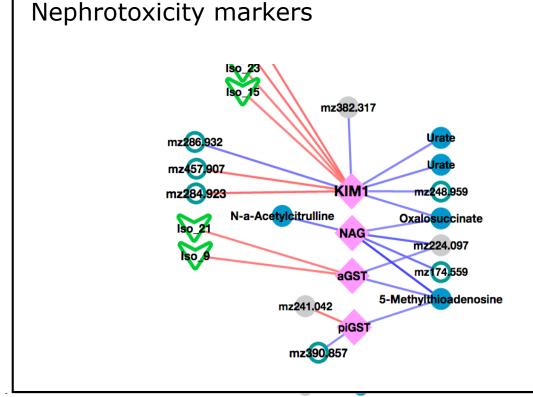


- Renal biomarkers
- Immunological markers
- Unidentifiable halogenated m/z, by isotopic pair
- Identified metabolite
- Unidentifiable m/z; pos mass defect
- Unidentifiable m/z; neg mass defect

Correlation coefficient









Improved assessment of the Exposome Using OMICS

- New biotechnological advancements allow for a more comprehensive evaluation of (historical) exposures and associated biological responses at the individual level
 - Improved exposure assessment
 - Improved health impact assessment
 - Monitoring
 - Screening



Het exposoom en arbeidsgerelateerde gezondheid

- Beroepsmatige blootstellingen maken een belangrijk deel uit van de blootstellings-levenslijn (TWH)
- Technologieën die ontwikkeld worden binnen Exposoomonderzoek kunnen worden ingezet in het beter kwantificeren van beroepsmatige blootstellingen
- Het op een meer individueel niveau kwantificeren van de blootstelling en biologische-effecten geeft de mogelijkheid tot precisie-risico assessment
- Geeft mogelijkheden voor de quantified-self





Onderzoek naar chroomhoudende verf uitgebreider

Nieuwsbericht | 18-09-2014 | 15:48

Defensie breidt de 2 onderzoeken naar chroomhoudende verf uit: een historisch onderzoek en een onderzoek naar de huidige veiligheid op voormalige POMS-sites. Het onderzoek wordt ook verbreed tot alle werkplaatsen bij Defensie waar gebruik is of wordt gemaakt van chroomhoudende verf. Dat heeft minister Jeanine Hennis-Plasschaert vandaag

NOS

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Nieuws

aan de Tweede Kamer laten weten.



'DuPont-medewerksters kregen zwangerschapsproblemen'

Uitzendingen

IJERPH | Free Full-Text | Using Persona...

C

lycra dupont - Bing News

TELETERS

① ZATERDAG, 18:41 BINNENLAND, ECONOMIE

Using personal sensors to assess the ex...

Sport





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